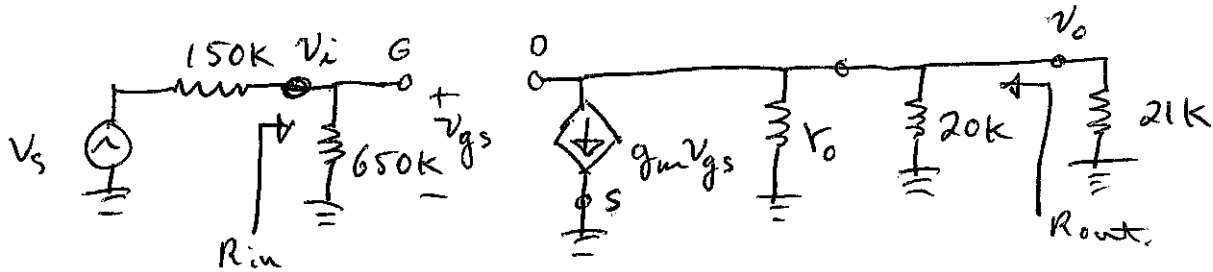


a) The midband equivalent ckt is:



$$r_o = \frac{1}{2I_D} = \frac{1}{0.01 \times 0.2 \times 10^{-3}} = 500 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\therefore R_{in} = 650 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\therefore R_{out} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega \parallel 500 \text{ k}\Omega = 19.23 \text{ k}\Omega$$

b) $A_v = \frac{v_o}{v_i}$

$$v_i = v_{gs}, \quad v_o = -g_m v_{gs} R_L'$$

$$\text{with } R_L' = 500 \text{ k}\Omega \parallel 20 \text{ k}\Omega \parallel 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$= 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

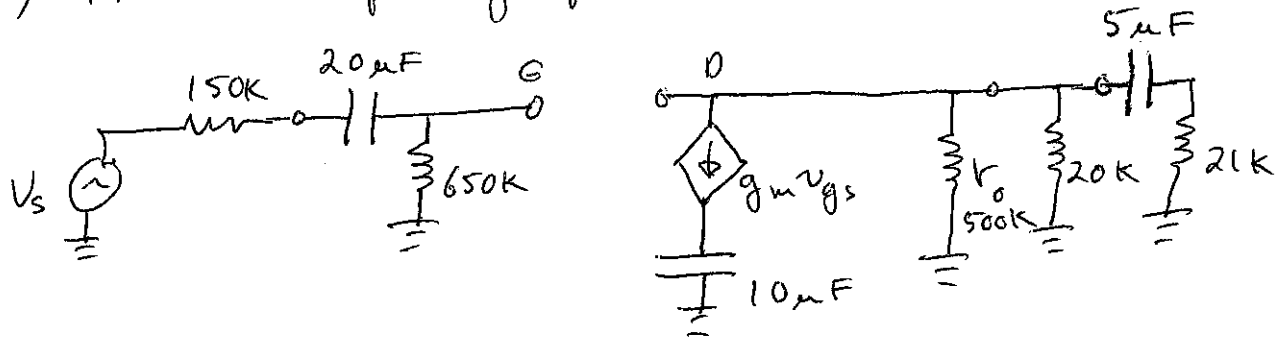
$$\therefore A_v = -g_m R_L' = -50 \text{ V/V}$$

$$G_v = \frac{V_o}{V_s}$$

$$v_{gs} = v_s \frac{650 \text{ k}}{150 \text{ k} + 650 \text{ k}} = 0.81 v_s$$

$$\therefore G_V = \frac{-g_m v_{gs} R_L'}{v_s} = -0.81 g_m R_L' = -40.5 \text{ V/V}$$

c) The low frequency equivalent circuit is:



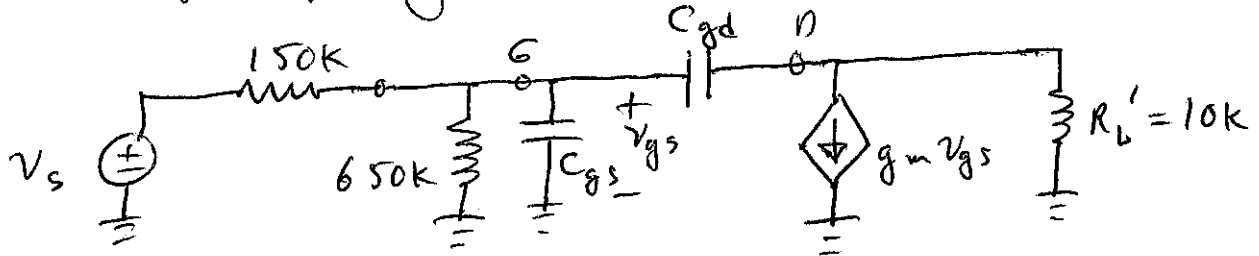
$$f_{L_{20\mu F}} = \frac{1}{2\pi (150\text{k} + 650\text{k}) 2 \times 10^{-5}} = 0.01 \text{ Hz.}$$

$$f_{L_{5\mu F}} = \frac{1}{2\pi (500\text{k} // 20\text{k} + 2\text{k}) 5 \times 10^{-6}} = 0.8 \text{ Hz.}$$

$$f_{L_{10\mu F}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \left(\frac{1}{g_m}\right) 10^{-5}} = 179.6 \text{ Hz.}$$

$$\therefore f_L \approx 80 \text{ Hz}$$

d) The high frequency equivalent ckt. is :



$$f_{H_{C_{gs}}} = \frac{1}{2\pi (150k // 650k) 2 \times 10^{-12}} = \underline{653 \text{ kHz}}$$

$$f_{H_{C_{gd}}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \left[(150k // 650k) + 10k + \underset{5 \times 10^{-3}}{g_m} 10k \times (150k // 650k) \right] 5 \times 10^{-13}}$$

$$= 51.1 \text{ kHz}$$

$$\therefore \underline{f_H \approx 51 \text{ kHz}}$$